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(54) **Fish collection and elastin solutions.**

(57) The present invention relates to a particular product comprising sea-collagen with elastin, having high purity and transparency features, and which, accordingly, can be used in the pharmaceutic and cosmetic field.

The invention also pertains to a method for making the subject product.

EP 0 602 297 A1

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can found a broad use.

It has been moreover found that, during the process, a great amount of soluble elastin is transferred to the collagen solution.

Moreover, the end decanting and filtering process, performed at room temperature, for several days, allows to eliminate both the unbound preserving agent and the remaining suspension.

A great advantage of the present invention consists of the possibility of providing a high purity product (clearness and transparency) and the reduction of the preparing time to 20 hours.

The presence of great amounts of elastin improves the use values of the collagen solution, whereas the reduction to 3.2-3.4 of the pH value of the collagen-elastin solution, jointly to a contents of ash less than 0.26%, improves the use features of the product, which is very suitable to be used in the cosmetic field.

The method according to the present invention will be disclosed in a more detailed way hereinafter with reference to some examples thereof.

**EXAMPLE 1:** 100 Kg of fresh "blue" fish have been subjected to a mechanical processing method.

This mechanical processing method is performed for removing, by means of a sharpened tool, the fleshy and fat tissue, and in a cold water rinsing step.

The drained skin, having a weight of about 33 Kg, is introduced into a drum of 100 l of a mixing apparatus, and is covered by about 30 l water.

The skin is mixed for 30 minutes, at a speed of about 50 revolutions/minute.

The suspension is removed, and the skin is subjected again to a mixing processing step, for a period of 25 minutes.

This operation is repeated until at the outlet of the drum a clean water is obtained.

The fish skin, with the skin flakes removed, and upon removal of guanine and pigments, is subjected to a disinfection process with a bath of 100 l containing 0.2% hydrogen peroxide for about 5 minutes.

Upon removal from the bath, the fish skin is rinsed by cold water and pressed in a press, in order to remove therefrom the excess water, so as to leave a residue amount of water of about 60%.

The raw material, upon dehydrating in the above disclosed manner, is supplied to a withdrawing apparatus and covered by about 400 l of a citric acid solution having a value of pH of 2.4 and left for 20 hours at a temperature of 293°K.

The extracted material is filtered, the pH brought to 3.2 and preserved with the nypagin mixture A+M in a 1:1.5 ratio, in an amount of 0.2% with respect to the amount of the used raw material.

The obtained product is left at a temperature of 292°K for five days.

Upon this decanting period, the solution is fil-

tered off.

**EXAMPLE II:** 100 kg of frozen mintaj fish skin are subjected to a thawing step.

A mechanical processing analogous to that of the Example I is performed, and then the material is rinsed by cold water.

The drained fish skin, for a total of 66 kg, is introduced into the mentioned drum mixing apparatus, having a volume of 200 l and being covered by 60 l water.

This mixture is blended for about 40 minutes at a speed of 50 rpm's.

The suspension is removed from the drum and the fish skin is covered by other 60 l water and mixed for further 30 minutes.

This operation is repeated until the water at the outlet of the drum is clean.

Then, the steps of the example I are repeated, by holding the pH of the boric acid to a value corresponding to pH 2.6, whereas the pH of the collagen solution is brought to a value of 3.5.

Then, the same method as that of the Example I is repeated.

The invention has been disclosed only by way of an exemplary but not limitative embodiment of the subject method and product, comprising a solution of sea collagen and elastin, and which is particularly suitable to be used in the cosmetic and pharmaceutical field.

Thus, the invention will be susceptible to several modifications and variations all of which will come within the scope and spirit of the appended claims.

### Claims

1. A solution characterized in that said solution comprises sea collagen with elastin and further comprises 1,700-2,100 mg N/cm<sup>3</sup> nitrogen and with a total contents of nitrogen of 6,400-6,800 mg N/cm<sup>3</sup>, the pH value of said solution being included within the limits of 3.2 - 3.4.
2. A solution according to Claim 1, characterized in that said solution comprises high purity sea collagen and elastin, and can be used in the cosmetic field.
3. A solution according to Claim 1, characterized in that said solution comprises high purity sea collagen and elastin and can be used in the pharmaceutical field.
4. A method for making a sea collagen-elastin solution, said method comprising the step of preliminarily processing fish skin, said step comprising a mechanical removal, from the hypodermic layer of the connective tissue, of a fleshy and fat

substance, characterized in that said method further comprises the step of introducing said fish skin into a drum mixing apparatus provided with a plurality of inner blades, said mixing apparatus having a volume which is three times the amount of the raw material introduced into said mixing apparatus, said fish skin being mixed with water in a 1.1:1.0 ratio for 20-40 minutes, at a speed of about 50 revolutions per minute, and then removing, from the drum of said mixing apparatus, a suspension of guanine, flakes and pigments, and then covering this mixture with a further water amount and subjecting it to a further mixing step by repeating the above disclosed steps until the water at the outlet of the drum is clean.

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5. A method for making a sea collagen-elastin solution, according to Claim 4, characterized in that said method further comprises the step of subjecting the dehydrated skin fish to a disinfection step by hydrogen peroxide at 0.2%, and to a withdrawing step performed with a water solution of an organic acid, preferably citric acid, by holding the concentration at a pH value within the limits of 2.5-2.7 and by bringing the obtained extract to a pH of 3.2-3.5 and then preserving it with an alcoholic saturated solution of nypagin, used in an amount of 0.2% by weight, with respect to the starting raw material, whereas the solution is left at a temperature of 292°K for about five days, to be then subjected to a filtering step.

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6. A method according to Claim 5, characterized in that it comprises the further step of using nypagin A or nypagin M, or a mixture thereof in a 1:1.5 ratio.

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7. A method according to Claim 5, characterized in that it comprises the further step of using a nypagin mixture A+M+P in a 1/1/1 ratio.

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## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 92 83 0570

## DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CLS)
X	WO-A-89 11799 (NATURAL RESOURCES (MANUFACTURING) LIMITED) * page 1, paragraph 1 - page 5, paragraph 1 * * page 7, paragraph 5 - page 9, paragraph 2 * * page 10, paragraph 2 * ---	1-7	C07K15/20 A61K37/12 A61K7/00
A	WO-A-91 01393 (INSTITUT NATIONAL DE LA SANTE ET DE LA RECHERCHE MEDICALE (INSERM)) * page 2, line 10 - page 3, line 23 * ---	1-7	
A	SOAP/COSMETICS/CHEMICAL SPECIALTIES vol. 57, no. 4, April 1981, NEW YORK, USA page 102 'MOISTURIZING CREAM' * abstract * ---	1-7	
A	CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 90, no. 5, 29 January 1979, Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 36538d, TRESHCHEVA 'CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF THE SKIN OF SALT-WATER FISH' page 285 ;column 1 ; * abstract * & RYBN.KHOZ.(MOSCOW) vol. 11, 1978 pages 67 - 68 -----	1-7	

TECHNICAL FIELDS  
SEARCHED (Int.CLS)A23J  
C07K  
A61K  
A23L

The present search report has been drawn up for all claims

Place of search	Date of compilation of the search	Examiner
THE HAGUE	4 March 1994	Sitch, W
<b>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</b>		
X : particularly relevant if taken alone		T : theory or principle underlying the invention
Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category		E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date
A : technological background		D : document cited in the application
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